

FINANCE 101: DEMYSTIFYING TOWN FINANCES

MELISSA CRAGG, FINANCE COMMITTEE CHAIRPERSON



OBJECTIVE: CREATE A
SHARED UNDERSTANDING
OF WHERE WE ARE
FINANCIALLY SO WE CAN
IDENTIFY RISKS,
OPPORTUNITIES, AND
IMPORTANTLY, ESTABLISH
LONG-TERM PRIORITIES IN
THE CONTEXT OF WHAT
RESIDENTS COLLECTIVELY
ARE WILLING TO PAY.

Shared understanding helps to level set debate and discussion

It improves the discernment of town priorities by placing them in the context of affordability

It saves time and effort

It is usable by anyone including town leadership (staff and volunteers) and residents, present and future

MATERIAL ADDRESSED:

Demystifying town finances using the 2021 Audit, 2022 Forecast and 2023 Budget, Mass.gov Division of Local Services (DLS), town-prepared reporting to bondholders

- Insights on how we generate and spend money
- Benchmarking to other communities

Williamstown tax levy limit and debt capacity

- Proposition 2.5
- Current debt outstanding
- What is our debt capacity—how to think about it

What are our collective priorities and how do we discern them?

WILLIAMSTOWN GOVERNANCE AND OVERSIGHT

<u>Entity</u>	<u>Governance</u>	Staff Leader	# Staff			
Town of WMST	Select Board (n=5)	Bob Menicocci	68*			
Mt.Greylock Regional School District	School Committee (n=7)**	Jason McCandless	244.5**			
WMST Fire District	Prudential (n=5)	Craig Pedercini	~2***	_		
*59 full time FTEs and 21 part-time/seasonal employees. **MGRSD is a regional school district governed by WMST (4 members) and Lanesborough (3 members). MGRSD has budgeted 244.5 FTEs. Enrollment is forecast at about 1180 students.						
***WMST Fire District er	mploys one FTE, several PT ε	employees, and has 21 vol	unteers.			

WILLIAMSTOWN—
THREE
COMPONENTS, EACH
UNDER SEPARATE
LEADERSHIP, BUT ALL
FUNDED IN WHOLE
OR IN PART BY TOWN
TAXES. \$24.8 MILLION

Town of Williamstown—100% Williamstown, \$10.9 million budgeted (\$10.4 million in operating expenses and \$0.5 million in capital expenditures)

- Town Administration, Public Works, Public Safety, Human Services, Debt Service totals \$10.9 million
- Enterprises/Funds—another \$2.5 million of non-tax user fees pay expenses corresponding to the three enterprises, water, sewer, and transfer station. A significant well replacement project is planned for FY2023 costing an additional estimated \$2.5 million. This has been planned and cash reserves totaling \$3 million are on hand.

Education—\$13.2 million

- Mt. Greylock Regional School—Total budget = \$26.6 million gross including capital expenditures, \$19.0 million net of state aid, tuition, and grants. Williamstown bears 67.7% of the <u>net</u> budget, **\$12.9 million**, with the balance funded by Lanesborough (710/1180 students—estimated)
- N.Berkshire Vocational School (McCann)—Total budget = \$10.7 million including capital expenditures, \$3.45 million net of state aid and tuition; WMST= \$322,000 of the total net budget (20/520 students--estimated).

Williamstown Fire District—100% Williamstown, **\$0.7 million**

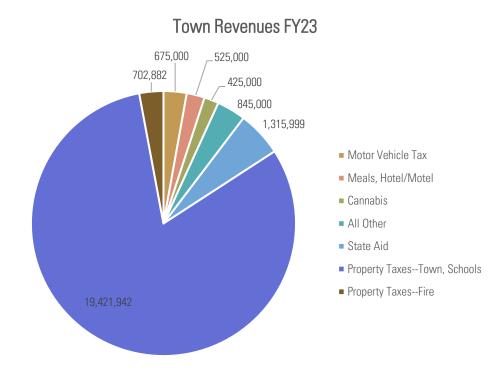
Total = \$24.8 million (\$24.1MM, town; \$0.7MM fire)

2023
BUDGETED
SPENDING—
OUR FISCAL
YEAR END IS
JUNE 30—
DETAILED

	FY2023	FY2023						
Expenses:	<u>Budget</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Description</u>					
Executive	483,042	1.9%	Town Manager, Counsel, \$115K Severance Expense					
Administration & Finance	3,494,723	14.1%	Accountant, Treasurer, Clerk, Voters, Assessor, Insurance, and all employee benefits expenses					
Community Development	446,495	1.8%	Planning, Building, Health, IT, and Conservation, Agricultural, Historical Commissions					
Public Safety	1,655,746	6.7%	Police, Dispatch, Animal Control					
Public Works	2,323,246	9.4%	Facilities, Highway, Snow/Ice, Streetlights, Parks, Cemeteries, Recreation					
Human Services	910,542	3.7%	Library, Council on Aging, Mental Health, and Veterans					
Debt Service	557,688	2.2%	Contractualmore on this later					
Finance Committee Reserve	75,000	0.3%						
Other	<u>173,045</u>	<u>0.7%</u>						
Subtotal General Government	10,119,527	40.7%						
Capital Projects	494,815	2.0%	Trucks and equipment (more on this later)					
OPEB Funding	50,000	0.2%	Post-retirement employee benefits, mostly health insurance					
Non-Profits	196,000	0.8%	Youth Center, WMST Preschool, Chamber of Commerce, and Sand Springs					
Compensated Balance Reserve	50,000	0.2%						
Special Warrant Articles	<u>35,000</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	Wage and Classification Study					
Subtotal Other Articles	825,815	3.3%						
TOTAL Government	10,945,342	44.1%						
Education	13,175,773	<u>53.1%</u>						
Operating Expenses	24,121,115	97.1%						
Fire Prudential	712,882	<u>2.9%</u>						
TOTAL TOWN Expenses	24,833,997	100.0%						

2023 BUDGETED REVENUE—84% OF REVENUE COMES FROM PROPERTY TAXES.

	<u>FY2023</u>	<u>FY2023</u>
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>%</u>
Motor Vehicle Tax	675,000	2.8%
Meals, Hotel/Motel	525,000	2.2%
Cannabis	425,000	1.8%
All Other	845,000	3.5%
State Aid	1,315,999	5.5%
Property TaxTown, Schools	19,421,942	<u>81.2%</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	23,207,941	97.1%
Property TaxFire	702,882	<u>2.9%</u>
TOTAL TOWN Revenue	23,910,823	100.0%



THE SHARP-EYED AMONG YOU....

May have noticed that \$24.8 million in budgeted expenses...

Exceed \$23.9 million in budgeted revenue..

By \$0.9 million

"Free Cash" is the cumulative amount by which prior years' operating outcomes did better than expected (revenue > expectations and expenses < expectations). Conservative budgeting normally results in free cash of \$1-1.75 million (5-7.8% of total budget). We began the 2022 fiscal year with \$1,311,474 in "Free Cash."

WHAT
FINANCIAL
CUSHION DO WE
HAVE AND ARE
THESE
ADEQUATE FOR
RAINY DAYS?



Free cash—opening balance won't be known until January but let's call it somewhere between \$1-2 million



Stabilization fund—\$851K (usable for capital only subject to a 2/3 vote at Town Meeting)



If free cash and stabilization ~ \$2.0 million (8% of budget), we will compare favorably with other Massachusetts communities.



Compensated balance reserve--\$316K (liability \$324K)



OPEB liability trust--\$756K (liability \$22.3 million)



MGRSD has accumulated reserves



Reasonable people can disagree on the adequacy of liquid reserves for a rainy day. What we have might serve to smooth the tax rate in a rocky period if tax collections fell at the same time as expenses rose.

LET'S PLACE
THIS IN
SOME
CONTEXT

Property value and property taxes

Current benchmarks

OUR TOWN'S
2022 TOTAL
TAXABLE
PROPERTY
VALUE IS A
LITTLE OVER
\$1.1 BILLION.

Assessed value = \$1,102,420,124

We are almost back to the property value peak we reported back in 2009 (\$1.15 billion)

\$978.75 million (89%) of this is residential

1,863 residential parcels with an average value of \$413,000, median value of \$328,300

The remaining \$123.67 million is commercial (e.g. hotels, office, retail), industrial, and personal property

This \$1.1 billion does <u>not</u> include almost \$550 million in real property not subject to property taxes (mostly Williams College and Clark Art)

NOTE THE
DIFFERENCE
BETWEEN THE
AVERAGE AND
MEDIAN HOME
VALUE REPORTED
ON THE PRIOR PAGE.

- The State does not report median home values which confounds comparison.
- Our town assessor confirms that the average Williamstown home value was \$412,837 last year; however, he makes the important point that the median Williamstown home value is 20% less, \$328,300.
- This is an important point for people to understand when considering housing affordability.

WILLIAMSTOWN SINGLE FAMILY HOME VALUE DISTRIBUTION

Assessed Single Family Home Values by Increments - FY22

<u>Value Range</u>	Parcel Count	% of Total
\$199K - <	233	12%
\$200K - \$299K	504	26%
\$300K - \$399K	345	18%
\$400K - \$499K	273	14%
\$500K - \$749K	349	18%
\$750K - \$999K	99	5%
\$1MM - \$1.99MM	91	5%
\$2MM ->	<u>23</u>	<u>1%</u>
TOTAL	1917	100%
Course: MMCT Assessor's Office		

Source: WMST Assessor's Office

OUR PROPERTY TAXES
ARE THE HIGHEST IN
BERKSHIRE COUNTY.
IN 2021, WE RANKED
109/351 MASS. TOWNS
AND CITIES, IN THE
MOST EXPENSIVE
THIRD.

Municipality	# Parcels	Average Home Value	Property Tax Bill*	Rank**
Villiamstown*	1,863	412,837	7,200	10
Great Barrington*	2,160	446,493	7,122	12
West Stockbridge	707	455,194	5,717	17
Richmond	751	448,199	5,710	17
Stockbridge	1,101	600,486	5,633	18
enox	1,619	467,487	5,068	21
anesborough	1,221	261,346	4,992	22
Dalton*	1,983	235,381	5,096	23
Sheffield	1,332	385,374	4,794	23
New Marlborough	872	471,823	4,388	26
gremont	787	529,831	4,202	27
Monterey	739	577,123	4,201	28
Alford	310	798,675	4,193	28
Pittsfield	11,314	222,073	4,122	29
Vashington	247	274,919	4,080	29
ee	1,834	290,065	3,959	30
Peru	347	213,098	3,904	31
Fyringham	250	557,673	3,748	31
Sandisfield	594	283,227	3,654	32
Hinsdale	851	263,489	3,599	32
Adams	2,204	166,180	3,472	33
New Ashford	92	302,175	3,306	33
Clarksburg	614	199,438	3,287	33
North Adams	2,643	167,574	3,105	33
Mount Washington	148	494,618	3,022	33
Cheshire	1,136	234,667	2,994	33
Becket	1,700	275,302	2,973	34
Vindsor	451	218,482	2,873	34
Otis	1,545	366,153	2,838	34
Savoy	300	179,510	2,585	34
lorida	291	170,142	1,501	34
Hancock Tax Bills Adjusted to include fire departments for	318 W/MST (\$215), Great Barrington (\$487), and	269,118	807	35

^{*}Tax Bills Adjusted to include fire departments for WMST (\$215), Great Barrington (\$487), and Dalton (\$21-

^{**}DLS Rankings unadjusted for fire districts' costs.

PROPERTY
TAXES—
EVERYONE PAYS
THEIR PRO RATA
SHARE OF
EXPECTED TOWN
EXPENSES NET OF
EXCISE TAXES,
STATE AID, AND
FEES.

Town budget--\$24.8 million...

Less, non-property tax revenue sources of < \$3.5 to \$4 million (hotel/motel, cannabis, excise, state aid/lottery, fees)...

Less about \$1 million in free cash...

Leaves about \$20 million from property taxes (the combined town and fire district "tax levy")

This is allocated across all property tax owners in proportion to the value of their property and is a percentage of the overall total.

Property taxes in aggregate have less to do with property values than they have to do with total expenses and non-property tax revenue.

SOME BELIEVE TAX RATE
IS THE MORE IMPORTANT
BENCHMARK OF COST.
BERKSHIRE COMMUNITY
AVERAGE TAXES AND TAX
RATES ARE SHOWN FOR
INFORMATION BUT
DOESN'T ALTER THE
CONCLUSION THAT WE
PAY MORE IN TAXES.

THIS IS OUR COLLECTIVE CHOICE, NOT A VALUE JUDGEMENT.

Municipality	# Parcels	Average Home Value	Property Tax Bill*	Rank**	Residential Tax Rate
Dalton*	1,983	235,381	5,096	235	21.65
Adams	2,204	166,180	3,472	331	20.89
Lanesborough	1,221	261,346	4,992	224	19.10
Pittsfield	11,314	222,073	4,122	290	18.56
North Adams	2,643	167,574	3,105	337	18.53
Peru	347	213,098	3,904	310	18.32
Williamstown*	1,863	412,837	7,200	109	17.44
Clarksburg	614	199,438	3,287	335	16.48
Great Barrington*	2,160	446,493	7,122	121	15.95
Washington	247	274,919	4,080	294	14.84
Savoy	300	179,510	2,585	345	14.40
Hinsdale	851	263,489	3,599	325	13.66
Lee	1,834	290,065	3,959	304	13.65
Windsor	451	218,482	2,873	342	13.15
Sandisfield	594	283,227	3,654	322	12.90
Cheshire	1,136	234,667	2,994	339	12.76
Richmond	751	448,199	5,710	175	12.74
West Stockbridge	707	455,194	5,717	174	12.56
Sheffield	1,332	385,374	4,794	239	12.44
New Ashford	92	302,175	3,306	334	10.94
Lenox	1,619	467,487	5,068	218	10.84
Becket	1,700	275,302	2,973	340	10.80
Stockbridge	1,101	600,486	5,633	180	9.38
New Marlborough	872	471,823	4,388	268	9.30
Florida	291	170,142	1,501	348	8.82
Egremont	787	529,831	4,202	279	7.93
Otis	1,545	366,153	2,838	343	7.75
Monterey	739	577,123	4,201	280	7.28
Tyringham	250	557,673	3,748	317	6.72
Mount Washington	148	494,618	3,022	338	6.11
Alford	310	798,675	4,193	281	5.25
Hancock	318	269,118	807	350	3.00

^{*}Tax Bills Adjusted to include fire departments for WMST (\$215), Great Barrington (\$487), and Dalton (\$214).

^{**}DLS Rankings unadjusted for fire districts' costs.

SO, WHY ARE OUR TAXES HIGHER THAN OTHER BERKSHIRE COMMUNITIES?

- Benchmarking Williamstown expenses against those of other communities requires a much deeper dive. Using Mass.gov's Division of Local Services (DLS) data seems to show that we are higher than the Berkshire average in virtually every significant category except debt service and fire. Not surprisingly, we appear to run significantly above average in the education category. Exceptions are Great Barrington and Lenox who also spend heavily on education.
- Incoming Town Manager Bob Menicocci will likely want to examine departmental expense levels.
- Non-property tax revenue provides only about 15% (~\$3.5 million) of our overall budget. Lenox and Great Barrington derive 20% of their overall funding (\$5-6.8 million) from such sources. <u>A \$1.5 million increase in such revenues would reduce WMST property taxes by 7.5%.</u>

A FEW
INTERESTING
THINGS ABOUT
WILLIAMSTOWN
PROPERTY TAXES

Our collection rate is remarkably high with about 98% paying on time.

The largest taxpayer is Williams College who paid \$1.05 million (5.8% of total) in FY2021 for properties they own that are subject to property taxes.

New growth, both commercial and residential, averaged \$18 million per year for the last three years (FY2019, 2020, 2021); this serves to widen our tax base reducing individual burden.

We charge the same tax rate, \$16.92 Town + \$0.52 Fire = \$17.44 Total (FY2022) on all residential, commercial, and industrial property.

WHAT RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED?

Opportunities

- FY2023 will be the final year of severance payments (\$115K)
- The town has over \$2 million in unallocated ARPA money
- Incoming Town Manager Bob Menicocci brings "fresh eyes" to expenses and non-property tax revenues
- Continued robust demand for new construction, renovation, and possible Cable Mills condominium conversion which could serve to broaden the tax base

Risks

- Pressure to reduce or eliminate cannabis impact fees (historically generating over \$350K, budgeted at \$125K)
- Cannabis excise tax—the impact of NY legalization remains to be seen (historically generating over \$310K, budgeted at \$300K)
- Inflationary pressures on wages, salaries, and energy related costs (3% salary increases and an extra \$50K in energy related expenses included in 2023 budget)
- 2023's capital budget is \$495K which is less than usual. This is expected to increase to \$834K in 2024 and \$1.5 million in 2025.
- Health insurance expenses have been flat for several years and notwithstanding over \$10 million in excess reserves, the health insurance trust has warned of future premium increases.

A MAJOR ITEM: THE FIRE DEPARTMENT NEEDS A NEW BUILDING.

Building design and estimated costs are not known

Potential funding sources are also under examination

But assuming such a building requires \$15 million and is financed with 30-year bonds at a 3.5% tax-exempt interest rate, annual debt service requirements add another \$818K to annual community requirements (+3.3%).

Operating expenses associated with the building's operations are also expected to rise.

Still unknown—required equipment replacement needs? Volunteer department?

WHAT LIMITS
PROPERTY
TAXES AND
PROPERTY TAX
INCREASES?

Proposition 2.5 constrains the property tax levy (see page 15) to:

- 2.5% of each community's total taxable value. Williamstown \$1.102 billion x 2.5% = \$27.55 million levy ceiling.
- 2.5% annual growth plus new growth plus voted overrides. Williamstown Proposition 2.5 **levy limit** is expected to be \$21.76 million.

The Town's 2023 tax levy has not been finally calculated yet but should be around \$19.3 million, 11% below the levy limit and 30% below the levy ceiling.

The Town has not been asked for an override for its own account since 2004. Voters provided MGRSD an override in 2015 for the middle/high school. The Fire District will be seeking approval this fall for a new building.

FOR HOW MUCH DEBT ARE WE RESPONSIBLE?

- Our net debt load is about \$25 million, most of it associated with Mt. Greylock Regional Schools.
- It is all municipal debt with interest rates between 2-5%
- Debt repayment has been structured as "level" with annual principal and interest payments roughly the same (\$1.87 million)
- Annual repayment is budgeted in the Town and School budgets.
- Excluded is water department related debt for which WMST water users are responsible and pay as part of their water rate (\$1.551 million total; \$275K annually)

				Will	iamstown Share =	100%	
	<u>Original</u>	Outstanding	Annual	<u>Original</u>	Outstanding	<u>Annual</u>	<u>Final</u>
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Prin & Int	<u>Balance</u>	Balance	Prin & Int	Maturity
Town of Williamstown:							
Series 2015 (Cable Mills, Elementary School)				3,177,961	915,000	236,145	2025**
Police Station				4,835,000	4,160,000	344,000	2038
Subtotal Town				8,012,961	5,075,000	580,145	
MGRSD:				Williamstown Share = 68%			
Series 2016	28,980,000	24,415,000	1,710,000	19,706,400	16,602,200	1,162,800	2046
Bond Anticipation Note Conversion*	4,900,000	4,900,000	190,000	3,332,000	3,332,000	129,200	TBD
Subtotal MGRSD	33,880,000	29,315,000	1,900,000	23,038,400	19,934,200	1,292,000	
Fire Prudential				?	?	?	TBD
Total				31,051,361	25,009,200	1,872,145**	
Total				31,001,001	20,000,200	1,012,170	

^{*}Amount and terms of permanent takeout yet to be determined. Assumed here is 30-year level debt service at 3.5% interest

^{**}Additional \$400,000 authorized at 2022 Town Meeting for Cable Mills. Terms TBD but likely structured as interest only to 2026 and 100K per year to 2030 leaving annual P&I unchanged.

IS THIS A LOT OF DEBT?

Observed earlier in this presentation, our annual debt service is on the low side.

That did not, however, consider the indirect debt of our portion of MGRSD bond issues.

Including indirect (or "overlapping") debt, annual debt service (the amount we pay for principal and interest on underlying debt) is about \$1.87 million, about 7.5% of our annual budget which is roughly average.

Rating agencies rate WMST debt highly at AA1. MGRSD debt is also rated highly at AA3.

So, is this a lot of debt? It depends on how you look at it...

DEBT AND DEBT CAPACITY IS A FUNCTION OF LAW <u>AND</u> JUDGMENT.

Law, the threshold we <u>must</u> follow...

- Massachusetts allows towns to borrow up to 5% of its property value (\$1.1 billion x 5% = \$55 million). Strangely, according to our bankers, overlapping debt on our \$25 million portion of the schools' debt is not counted towards this limit.
- Legal counsel should be sought to confirm this and the treatment of overlapping debt from the Fire District for a new building.
- If overlapping debt is not included, this means we have nearly \$50 million in debt capacity.
- Is this how we should think of debt capacity?

Judgment, the threshold we choose to follow...

- Just because we can borrow another \$50 million certainly does NOT mean we should.
- Additional \$50 million, 30 years repayment, 4% interest = \$2.9 million or another 12% in budgeted expenses.
- Question really is, "How much are we as a community willing to spend on shared government services?"
- Williamstown taxpayers are already paying a relatively high price to live here.
- The higher the fixed cost of living here (taxes), the more difficult it is to attract and retain lower income residents.

SO, THIS IS
WHERE WE ARE
TODAY. THE
QUESTION IS
WHERE DO WE
WANT TO GO?

Is this how we want to continue to operate, with roughly the same priorities, staffing, taxation?

What would we want to change?

Incoming Town Manager Bob Menicocci brings a fresh perspective and will form insights on the way we do things identifying operational improvements. Note: He might recommend expense increases.

Comprehensive Planning is underway now. This represents an excellent opportunity to discern our collective priorities.

Such discernment, however, needs to be placed in the context of how much we as a community are willing and able to provide in financial resources.

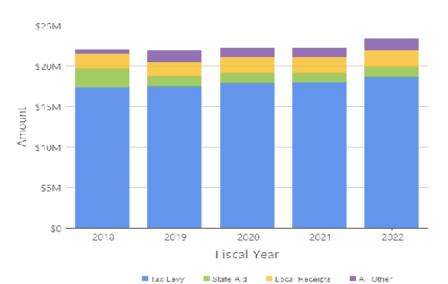
APPENDIXES

Source: Massachusetts Department of Local Services



Data Analytics and Resources Bureau Revenue by Source Without Enterprise and CPA Funds Data current as of 06/06/2022

Town of Williamstown



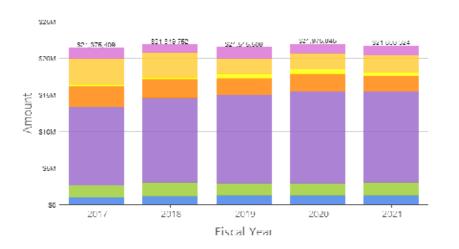
Revenue Source	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Tax Levy	17,375,050	17,530,519	17,949,653	17,980,859	18,652,949
State Aid	2,377,871	1,222,870	1,242,587	1,206,884	1,299,178
Local Receipts	1,742,999	1,789,540	1,944,033	1,889,745	1,992,069
All Other	509,547	1,306,955	1,132,093	1,134,600	1,462,918
Total Receipts	22,005,467	21,849,883	22,268,365	22,212,088	23,407,113



Data Analytics and Resources Bureau

General Fund Expenditures Data current as of 06/06/2022

Town of Williamstown



 General Government 	Public Gafety	Education	Public Works
 Debt Service Un 	classified Oth	er	

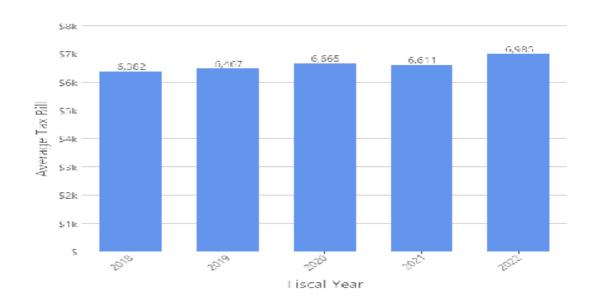
Fund	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government	1,033,989	1,159,268	1,293,785	1,307,749	1,331,884
Public Safety	1,606,736	1,860,097	1,667,798	1,699,209	1,741,005
Education	10,754,337	11,618,135	12,075,376	12,435,161	12,380,519
Public Works	2,755,818	2,520,416	2,229,856	2,446,161	2,089,976
Debt Service	372,478	273,045	602,272	591,888	567,188
Unclassified	3,459,745	3,324,943	2,130,879	2,247,964	2,302,736
Other	1,392,306	1,093,848	1,515,542	1,247,713	1,267,016
Fiscal Year Totals	21,375,409	21,849,752	21,515,508	21,975,845	21,680,324



Data Analytics and Resources Bureau

Average Single Family Tax Bill Data current as of 06/06/2022

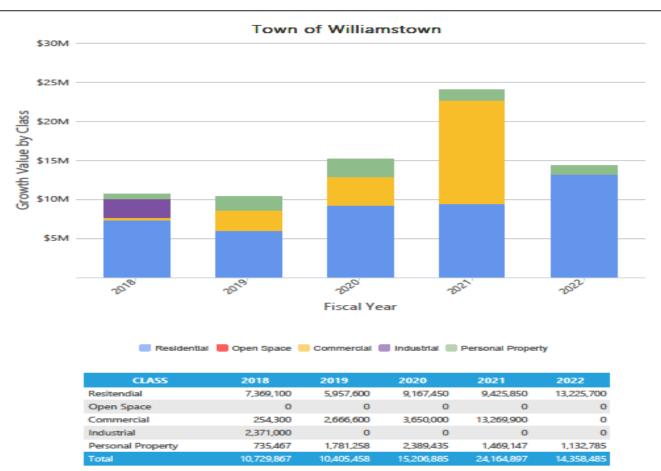
Town of Williamstown





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Category 3 - New Growth Value By Class Data current as of 06/06/2022





Data Analytics and Resources Bureau

Tax Rate By Class Data current as of 06/06/2022

Town of Williamstown

Fiscal Year	Residential	Open Space	Commercial	Industrial	Personal Property
2018	17.94	0.00	17.94	17.94	17.94
2019	18.05	0.00	18.05	18.05	18.05
2020	17.60	0.00	17.60	17.60	17.60
2021	17.30	0.00	17.30	17.30	17.30
2022	16.92	0.00	16.92	16.92	16.92